21ST YEAR-No. 6,484.

WASHINGTON, THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 16, 1889.

### THE GALLOWS' SHADOW.

The last sound that Nelson Collect will hear to-morrow will be the muffled thump that the trap-door in the floor of the scaffold makes as it files back under his weight had be drops through the trap to eternity. This atternoon he heard that same noise when they tested the scaffold with a bag of sand. The dull thud echoed faintly across the rotunda to the corridor in which Collect is confined, a glassily reminder of his fate. But Colbert didn't hear it, or, if he did, he didn't know what it was. Every slight noise echoes through the lofty rotunda of the prison and is magnified to twice its natural volume.

The thump was muffled, because the place where the heavy trap strikes against a beam when it swings downward under the weight of the man on it is covered with a big pillow of heavy cloth to deaden the sound as much as possible. Colbert seems in better spirits than ever before since he shot the old white-haired man in the ear stables months ago. He has given up all hope and thinks only of the near approach of the time when he will be hurled before his Maker.

"I wants to say to every young man, an'

"I wants to say to every young man, au' I wants you to say to every young man for rife, let strong drink alone. I got into this trouble when I was in liquor, an' it is to the death. Have nothin' to do with had company. Shun them and turn to God. Go to church; listen to the voice of God; trust in Him and He will trust in you. All this trouble came on me because of drinking, su' I advises everybody not to touch or taste of it. My only hope now is God. I am feeling very well an' my health is good. They have all been very kind to me here, an' Mr. Roberts au' Mr. Wells [his spiritual advisers] have done everything they could for me. I am ready to die an' go to Heaven. Good-bye, an' tell everybody to stop drinking an' trust to God' before it is too late."

Heaven. Good-bye, an' tell everybody to stop drinking an' trust to Goff before it is foo late."

Colbert talked quietly, from time to time dropping into a sort of sing-song intonation, as if he was preaching. After he got through he puffed vigorously at a short briar pipe that had almost gone out while he was talking. He took a half hour's exercise up and down in the corridor in front of his cell after breakfast this morning and talked to his old grandfather for a few minutes. While he was walking along the corridor Deputy Warden Russ came inside the cage that incloses the stairway at the end of the corridor and said, 'Nelson, how much do you weigh?' The jail officials all call the youthful murderer by his first name and his quietness and fractability have made them all like him. With them he is probably the most popular murderer the jail ever held. When Deputy Warden Russ asked Colbert how much he weighed he answered: 'Indeed I don't know: about 140, I guess. Come with me and I'll see how much it is,'' in the most commobplace sort of way. The door of the cage was unlocked and the warden and the nurderer walked aeroes the rotunda to the kitchen, where there is a small platform scale. Colbert stepped on it and seemed interested in knowing what he weighed. In a corner of the kitchen there was a barrel half full of clean sand and a stout gumy sack. If Colbert saw them even then he didn't know what it was being weighed for. The sand and the gunny sack were to form his understudy for this afternoon's rehearsal of to-morrow's hanging. Deputy Warden Russ sild the weight along the brass beam of the scale till it balanced and then he said: "One hundred and thirty-eight pounds." He took Colbert back to his cell and left him, and then went back to superintend the construction of the dummy murderer. The work was done by two negroes serving short sentences, who are allowed to do odd jobs about the jail and left hear of the construction of the dummy murderer. The work was done by two negroes serving short sentences, who are

derer. The work was done by two negroes serving short sentences, who are allowed to do odd jobs about the jail and like to get out of their cells, even if they do have to work. One of the negroes put the gunny such on the scale and held its mouth open while the other shoveled sand into it from the barrel. The Deputy Warden told them to put in enough sand to make it weigh 150 pounds, to be on the safe side. The Warden left the helpers still shaking down the sand and tying up the end of the

them to put in enough sand to make it weigh 150 pounds, to be on the safe side. The Warden left the helpers still shaking down the sand and tying up the end of the gunny sack, and went back into the jall office. Everything heldent to the hanging is working with perfect smoothness, but this morning there came near being a paux pas. Colbert was out into the cage at the end of the cell coridor in which his cell is located, and was talking through the grating with his family and Rev. J. W. Wells, one of his spiritual advisers, and the two negroes picked up the gunny sack of sand and started to carry it through the rotunda, past Colbert and his friends to the scaffold. But Deputy Warden Russaw them in time to turn them back before Colbert or any of his friends saw what was going on. They waited till Colbert went back in his cell before they carried the gunny sack to the scaffold, and so Colbert has never seen his understudy for the rebearsal. There has been much speculation among the jall officials about Colbert's weight, the guesses ranging all the way from 150 to 175 pounds. Nobody thought he was so light as he was found to be—128 pounds. The weight of a murderer is a very important factor in the preparations for a hanging. For the purpose of seeing that everything works smoothly, that the rope is all right and that the trap is in order, the hanging is gone through with with a bag of sand of a littly more than the murderer's weight.

This test was made this afternoon, and Colbert never knew anything about it. The gunny sack with its 150 pounds of sand in ft was placed on the trap. The noose washipped closely around the loose end of the sack and the rope adjusted to let the dummy fall just as far as Colbert will when he is hung. The drop for the execution will be about four and a-half or five feet. The dummy sack dropped straight down the length of the rope and then spun around as it dangled at the end of the rope, just as Colbert will, only faster, as this test took much of the twistout of the rope and stretched i Nobody will be allowed to see him after to-day until he is hung save his spiritual advisers. None of his family will be allowed to see him again. This is according to the murderer's wishes, as expressed through his spiritual advisers yealer-days. He seems to realize that to see too much of his family's sorrow might annerve him and he wishes to die calmy in the love of God. His old grandfather was his first visitor this morning and about half-past ten o'clock his father and mother and three sisters, ranging from six or seven to twenty years old, came. A wonden bench was pulled up close beside the grating and Colbert got down on his knees inside it and talked and prayed with them for an lour.

collect's relatives are almost numberless. Rev. Mr. Wells, one of his spiritual
advisers, says that there are nearly thirty
members of his immediate family. A score
or so of them were at the jail this morning
to see him, but as he did not wish to see
anylody but his father and mother and sisters, they were not allowed to go further
than the jail office. They cried out boul,
and when the sound reached the murdèrer
where he was talking to his family at one
side of the rotunds, he displayed a tendency to break down, the first time since
he was sentenced.

While he was talking through the grat
ing to his family, his mother holding one
of his hands and one of his sisters the other

THE CALLOWS' SHADOW.

THE LAST DAY ON EARTH OF NELSON COLBERT.

The Murderer of Philip Wentzel Warns Young Men Against Strong Drink — The Preparations for the Execution Complete.

The last sound that Nelson Colbert will hear to-morrow will be the murlled thump that the trap-door in the floor of the seaffold makes as it files back under his weight and he drops through the trap to eternly. This afternoon he heard that same noise when they tested the csaffold with a bag of sand. The dull thud echoed faintly across the rotunda to the corridor in which Colbert is confined, a ghastly reminder of his fate. But Colbert didn't was, Every slight noise echoes through the lofty rotunda of the prison and is magnified to twice its natural volume.

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of a white handkerchief.

The distance the murderer will drop will be about five feet. The rule hangmen go by is as follows: Let the noose hang at the height of the man's ankles as he stands on the trap. Then, when the noose is placed in position around his neck, the slack will hang in a loop about to his hips. The height of the man from his ankles to his neck will be the length of the drop. When the trap is sprung the man will drop through until his head is below the level of the platform, owing to the stretching of the rope.

the platform, owing to the stretching of the rope.

Lying on the scaffold are two small, stout boards. These are to be placed across the trap for the hangman to stand on as he adjusts the rope, so as not to have too much weight on the trap. The rope will be greased, so that the noose will slip easily, To-morrow morning it will be placed in position. From the noose it passes upward, through the hole in the beam and across to one side, where it passes down and is itsel around two heavy fron hooks on one side of one of the upright posts that support the cross-beam at the top. To-morrow's will be the tenth hanging on this scaffold. Since the first it has never been taken down. It was first used to hang James Madison Wyatt Stone, whose head was cut off. For that banging the scaffold was creeted back of the juil. The death warrant in this case read 'in the jail-yard,' The jail had no yard, and so a temporary one had to be made by building a high board fence at one corner of the jail. Since then death-warrants have read differently and permit the hangings being done inside the jail walls. The scaffold was last used for Nardello.

GENERAL ANDERSON'S SUICIDE.

# GENERAL ANDERSON'S SUICIDE.

Mind.

The suicide of General Adna Anderson, at the Lafayette Hotel in Philadelphia early yesterday morning, was committed undoubtedly during a temporary aberration of mind. The General had been suffering with mountain fever, contracted several years ago while he was performing his duties as chief engineer of the Union Pacific Railway. Latterly he complained of pains in his head and he resigned his position to become president of the Fire Alarm Company, with headquarters in the Everett House, New York city. He brought his wife and children East and made his home in Sing Sing. He remained in New York all the week and spent Sundays with his family.

On Sunday exening he went to Philadelp

all the week and spent Sundays with his family.

On Sunday evening he went to Philadelphia on business, having an appointment at the Lafayette, He seemed to be laboring under excitement. About mininght a shot was heard from a tollet room. On bursting in the door the General was found on the floor. A search of his effects revealed the following written in a memorandum book:

randum book:

"I feel a great buzzing in my ears and a very peculiar feeling in my head. Can this be brain fever?"

The suicide was sixty-two years old and leaves a widow and several grown-up children. He was in moderate circumstances. He apparently carried out his idea with determination, for he carefully locked his bed-room door on the third floor and went one story higher to do the shooting. Gen-eral Anderson during the war was Brevet-Brigadier General of Engineers. He was chief of the engineering corps which con-structed the Northern Pacific Railroad, and was also vice-president of the road. Until his resignation two years ago he was vice-president of the Union Pacific Railroad. He had recently decided to become one of the directors of the Scattle Railroad of Washington.

## LATE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Secretary Tracy will take a party of friends to Mount Vernon this evening on the Despatch. To-morrow Secretary Blaine will take the British Minister, Sir Julian Paunectote, on a similar trip. The Despatch will also be used.

Army Orders.

Army Orders.

The President has directed Second Lieutenant Wm. S. Scott of the First Cavalry to act as professor of military science at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas at College Station from September 6. Colonel Richard S. Dodge of the Eleventh Infantry has been detailed to visit the camp of the North Carolina militia, near Wilmington, from the 9th to the 18th of July.

Money for Lunney Writs.

Comptroller Matthews has decided, in reply to an inquiry from the

Comptroller Matthews has decided, in reply to an inquiry from the District Commissioners, that, in view of the fact that the appropriation for "writs of lunacy" is exhausted, all expenses attending the execution of such writs may be paid from the emergency appropriation under the clause which provides for "all other cases of emergency not otherwise provided for."

Naval Orders.

Licutenant William H. H. Southerland, to duty in the Bureau of Navigation, August 31, next; Ensign S. F. Cooper, from the Boston and ordered to the Kearsarge. The orders of Boatswain William A. Cooper to the Jamestown have been revoked and he has been detached from the Constellation and granted sick leave.

Maryland Postmasters.

Fowling Creek, N. L. Trigett, vice Jas.

Fowling Creek, N. L. Trirett, vice Jas. II, Nichols, removed: Gamber, George W. Frizzell, vice Nicholas Benson, removed: Henderson, Alex. Butler, vice II. C. Gordon, removed: Hurlock, K. J. Wright, vice R. A. Hurlock, removed: Queenstown, C. W. Kelly, vice R. E. Bryan, removed.

Fourth-Class Postmasters Chauged.
Since last Thursday First Assistant Postmaster-Genoral Clarkson has made over 1,200 changes among the fourth-class postmasters. Counting eight hours to the day, that is at the rate of a little over twenty-one last the county-one base.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day re-instated John Butts of Missouri, a one-armed Union soldier, who was discharged from the force of watchmen four years ago. New Minister to Russia.

A State Department official intimated this afternoon that Editor Shephard, of New York, might be made Minister to Rus-

Rev. Mr. Townsend of Indians, the new closed Recorder of the General Land

CHICAGO, May 16.—A Washington dispatch to the Times says that Attorney-General W. H. Miller will probably be ap-pointed Justice of the Supreme Court, vice Matthews, deceased, Secretary Noble to be-come Attorney-General and Assistant Post-master-General Clarkson to become Secre-tary of the Interior.

# THE COMMISSIONERS.

L. G. HINE AND JOHN W. DOUGLASS APPOINTED.

Clark E. Carr Made Minister to Denmark, Solomon Hirsch Minister to Turkey and John Jarrett and Thomas H, Sherman Made Consuls.

The President to-day appointed John W. Douglass and L. G. Hine, to be Commissioners of the District of Columbia. L. G. Hine.

L. G. Hine,

L. G. Hine was born on the 14th of April,
56 years ago, in Eric County, Ohlo. His
education he received at Norfolk Seminary
and Baldwin's University, and he stoppel
going to school when
he was 18 or 19 years
old and went to
Cleveland, Ohlo. In
1842, wheth he was but
19 years old, he became the manager of
the Cleveland Commercial. He left the
newspaper business

newspaper business for the law, and in 1838

newspaper business for the law, and in 1858 was admitted to the bar and begun to practice law at Coldwater, Michigan. At the breaking out of the war he raised a company of soldiers and was elected to its captainey. This he declined, and August, 1801, he emisted in the company's service as a first lieutenaut. It 1862 he was appointed Judge-Advocate of the Army of the Southwest. In April, 1863, he resigned this position and came here to Washington. Soon after he became one of the law firm of Fitch, Hine & Fox and was also later associated in the practice of law with Governor Ford. Some two years ago he retired from the active practice of law. He had been very successful at it and had amassed a considerable fortune when he retired. Upon his retirement from the legal profession Mr. Hine became the president of a local corporation of national importance, and has since been devoting his attention largely to its interests.

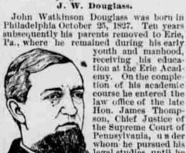
Mr. Hine has been a resident of Wash-

argely to its interests.

Mr. Hine has been a resident of Wash-Mr. Hine has been a resident of Washington since the summer of 1862, and was a member of the Board of Alderman in 1870. He has not been much given to office seeking though and devoted his entire attention, until his retirement, to his highly remunerative law business. His candidature for the District Commissionership has been quiet and for the most part conducted by his friends. Personally, Mr. Hine is a rather large man, with white hair, and the strong features of his face are not concealed by any whiskers. His manner is quiet, and there is a kindly twinkle in his unusually bright eyes as he talks, and he is somewhat given to an occasional anecdote to illustrate what he is saying.

J. W. Douglass.

J. W. Douglass.



ternal Revenue under the Hon. Columbus Delano. In 1871, the office of Commis-sioner becoming vacant, he was appointed Chief of the Department, and so unanimous was public sentiment in favor of his promo-tion that the indorsement of this act of the tion that the indorsement of this act of the President was general, regardless of politics or locality. In this position Mr. Douglass corrected abuses, introduced economical measures and lessened the number of employes from 8,000 to 3,000. In May, 1875, Mr. Douglass resigned this position and began the practice of law in the District before the Supreme Court of the United States, District Courts and Court of Claims, and he has resided in Washington ever since. While not actively engaged in politics during the last ten years, Mr. Douglass has been a loyal Republican and is still identified with the Republican party and its interests. He is now distinctively a District man, all his interests being here, and he is interested in all improvements in the District.

# OTHER APPOINTMENTS TO-DAY.

The President this afternoon annousced the following appointments: Solomon Hirsch of Oregon to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Pleuipotentiary of the United States to Turkey.

Clark E. Carr of Illinois to be Minister Resident and Consul-General of the United States to Denmark.

[Clark E. Carr, the new Minister to Denmark, is a well-known platform speaker of Illinois, and has for a number of years been postmaster at Galesburg. He is a brother of Colonel Carr of the army, and is a popular Republican of about the same style and stature as Hon, Rowell G. Horr of Michigan. He is one of the bost-known men in the West. Henry W. Severance of California to be Consul-General of the United States at Honolulu.

John Jarratt of Pameschania to be

John Jarrett has achieved a world-wide reputation as the president of the Amaigamated fron-Workers Association, and his appointment at Birmingham was triged by the leading manufacturers of the Keystone State. He resides at Pittsburg, and during the late campaign, with pen and voice, he was of great assistance to the Republican cause. It was Mr. Jarrett whose efforts in Hilnois defeated William R. Morrison for Congress when that gentleman was succeeded by Elihu Baker.

Thomas H. Sherman of the District of Columbia to be Consul of the United States at Liverpool.

Thomas H. Sherman of the District of Columbia to be Consul of the United States at Liverpool.

Thomas H. Sherman, the new Consul at Liverpool.

Thomas H. Sherman, the new Consul at Liverpool, is at present private secretary to Secretary Blaine, having served in that capacity for a number of years. He is a native of Maine and has always been closely identified with the interests of the Plumed Knight. During the campaign of 18st Mr. Sherman had entire charge of Mr. Blaine's correspondence and thus became well acquainted with pablic men throughout the country.

Scrub-women and house-cleaners were in possession of the upper floor of the White House to-day, but no discomfort was too great to be endured by those who wished to see the President, and they cheerfully acquiesced in being routed off sofas and easy chairs and stood around, in danger of being mopped up, without visible signs of discontent. All the matting and ollcloth had been removed and only bare floors were to be seen in the Executive offices, save the library, and, when this haven was reached, visitors seemed loath to depart.

I Ffinally about quarter before one o'clock the President shut down on callers with a view to devoting some of his time to public business that had accumulated on his desk. The President's callers to-day were Secretary Noble, who was accompanied by Judge G. W. McCrary: Senators Higglas, Blodgett, Manderson and Harris, Revescentatives Wilber, Function, Ewart, Wilson, Ky., Dockery, North Carolina, Posey and Farquhar, Walker Blaine, Zackary Taylor, John C. Dougherty and Stanley H. Bell, Tennessee, Indiana was the best represented State in the Union, its

contingent comprising Rev. J. W. Randolph, James M. Townsend, M. S. Raggadie, C. E. Marvin, J. H. Simpson, J. E. Braden, James H. Cisney, Frank W. Rawles, W. A. Pfaft and Dr. J. R. West. R. D. Loeke, Stephen W. Parker and George V. Clark comprised a frio of Georgians who called to talk over the political situation in their State. Samuel C. Elliott and John L. Whest, Louisville, Ky. and J. R. Miler and J. W. Templeton of Chicago, Generals Stewart Van Vilet and James A. Akin called to pay their respects. H. K. Thurber, the New York merchant prince; J. M. Lachlan, A. B. Humphrey, secretary of the Republican League of the United States; James R. Weisster and John Palmer, and a delegation of business men from Albany, Paul C. Henry and W. H. Malone, Asheville, N. C.; J. M. Whitchall, Arkansas City, Ark., and a Solitary Ohioan, John W. Chapin of Columbus, H. L. Pelouze, Richmond, and F. D. Lee, a Virginia attorney; Rev. C. Leach and Samuel Cole, on a short visit from England, as their cards state, also paid their respects to the President.

THE WORCESTER THEATRE BURNED

How Great a Matter a Little Fire Kindleth.

Worcester, Mass., May 16.—The Worcester Theatre was discovered to be on fire shortly after 3 o'clock this morning, and was totally destroyed. The fire apparently started in the rear of the building, on or near the stage. Explosions followed each other in rapid succession and in a short time the roof and rear wall began to fall. The Bay State Hotel stands in close proximity, and its rear wall was blistered, and was saved from eatching only by the prompt appearance and work of the firemen. Guests and servants in the hotel were wild with alarm, and many guests seized their personal lugrage and sought the street. When the walls of the theatre began to fall, Foreman Bursank of Hose No. 6 was hit by a piece of failing cornice and badly cut on the head. Shortly after 329 o'clock the building was a roaring furnace, and the blaze mounted high in the air. A second alarm called firemen from the more distant stations. Until long after 4 o'clock the flames roared and seothed within the crumbling walls. Most of the walls remain standing. "Faust' was played last night by Lewis Morrison and his company, and they were to play again to-night. They lose everything. Mr. Morrison places his and the company's loss at \$11,000. including properties, costumes and four calcium light tanks. Mr. Morrison's entire wardrobe was in the theatre. Miss Morrison lost costumes worth \$500, Mr. Belaseo \$100, Mr. White \$400, and other members of the company in proportion. Mr. Abraham says that he saw an employe of the theatre smoking a cigarette in the proscenium box and wared lim, saying that that was what burned Pillot's Opera House, Houston, Texas, a few days ago.

A NOTABLE FIGURE.

A NOTABLE FIGURE.

John Watkinson Douglass was born in Philadelphia October 25, 1827. Ten years subsequently his parents removed to Erie, Pa., where he remained during his early youth and manhood, receiving his education at the Eric Academic tion at the Eric Academy. On the completion of his academic course he entered the law office of the late. Hon. James Thompson, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, u n der whom he pursued his legal studies until he was admitted to the bar at Eric in 1850. By diligence and perseverance, superior natural abilities and professor, characteristic and attacked of the law, he at once attracted attention and soon acquired an extensive and lucrative practice. He was also active in local and national polities, and in September, 1862, was appointed by President Lincoln Collector of Internal Revenue for the Nincteenth District of Pennsylvania. So thoroughly did he apply himself to the prosecution of his work, and such energy and man habity did he display in the management of public affairs that he attracted the attention of the authorities at Washington. In April, 1869, he was offered and accepted the position of First Deputy of Internal Revenue under the Hon, Columbus sioner becoming vacant, he was appointed sioner becoming vacant, he was appointed of sleep. Last night the doctor gave him levels attention of the authorities at Washington. In April, 1869, he was offered and accepted the position of First Deputy of Internal Revenue under the Hon, Columbus sioner becoming vacant, he was appointed of sleep. Last night the doctor gave him the was no instination of diagre. He had been restless and complained of want of sleep. Last night the doctor gave him the first had been restless and complained of want of sleep. Last night the doctor gave him the doctor gave him. there was no intimation of danger. He had been restless and complained of want of sleep. Last night the doctor gave him a potion, under the influence of which he dozed off. At 2:20 o'clock this morning the nurse called Sergeant, who slept in an adjoining room, telling him that Mr. Rice was choking. They raised him to a sitting position, and the valet hurried for Dr. Fuller of No. 107 East Thirty-seventh street, Dr. Keyes' partner. As soon as Dr. Fuller saw the patient he sent for Dr. Keves, and endeavored vainly to resuscitate Mr. Rice, who was being smothered by the accumulation of phlegm in his throat, by forcing oxygen into his lungs. It was too late. Mr. Rice died before Dr. Keyes could respond to the summons. The immediate cause of his death was oedema of the glottis. Dr. Goldthwatte, who lives in the hotel, was with Dr. Fuller when he n the hotel, was with Dr. Fuller when he

in the hotel, was with Dr. Fuller when he expired.

Allen Thorndyke Rice was best known as the editor and proprietor of the "North American Review." He was the possessor of a large fortune, the bulk of which was inherited from his grandmother. He was born in Boston June 18, 1853, but was taken abroad by his parents at the age of nine, and spent his entire youth and acquired his education in Europe. He learned the languages of France and Germany while living in those countries, and speaks them fluently. He spent four years at the University of Oxford, and took his degree at Christ Church College in 1873. Returning to his native country, he studied for a time at the law school of the Columbia College, but soon began to devote his attention to Hierature. In 1886 he was the Republican candidate for Congress in the Tenth district of New York against General Spinola, and received the support of the "Henry George party." He was an earnest advocate of the adoption of the Australian ballot system.

# A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.

Railway in a Collision.

Railway in a Collision.

Pittsburg, PA., May 16.—Early this morning a passenger train on the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston Railroad while going at a high rate of speed collided with a gravel train standing on the main track near Ormsby station. Five men were seriously injured. One had his skull fractured; another had both legs broken, and a third had his side crushed in. The extent of the injuries to the other two men or their names has not yet been ascertained. The injured were removed to West Penn Hospital.

St. Perkusawae, May 15.—The Shah of Persia, who is coming to visit the Czar, is having a triumphal journey through Russia. Banquets are given in his houor and at night the places through which he passes are illuminated.

Still Hunting the Ring The ring for which a diver has been searching in the river at the foot of G street has not yet been discovered. He went to work again this morning. It is said that the expense will be not less than \$50 a day.

### WHAT THE PEOPLE SAY.

The Kolb: Bass fishing is excellent in the Shenandeah, W. Va. George Kolb, clerk of the Morrell House, near Harper's Ferry, amongst others, caught a very fine three-pound bass and sent it to his father here. Chief Clerk W. V. Cox of the National Museum: It may be unhealthy to eat heartily in the middle of the day, but those doctors who are meeting over at the Army and Navy Museum building come over here to lunch every day, and they don't seem the least bit afraid.

Judge J. W. Widber: "No. I don't think that Grace Smallwood, my client who was convicted of murdering her child, would be hung even in the event that she should be convicted on a new trial. I refused the President's commutation of sentence for the simple reason that I believe she will be acquitted on a new trial. If she is not, I have done my duty, even if they should haug her on the second trial."

Charles Carter, hardware merchant: "The

hang her on the second trial."

Charles Carter, hardware merchant: "The excursion season is just about to begin, and with excursions come engagements. More people become engaged on board an excursion steamer on a moonlight night than one has any idea of. More engagements are made during the summer season than at any other time during the year, and that accounts for the large number of weldings in the fail and early spring."

Albert Gorre: "A great many people, as well as one of the Sunday papers here, have asserted that he had sold his brewery to an English syndicate. I deny this most emphatically and will make any charitable institutions present of \$1,000 if they will prove their assertion." Mr. Carry is thoroughly repairing his brewery, as well as making large additions which, when fullas make it will make it one of the finest in the city. the city.

initialed, will make it one of the finest in the city.

II. D. Taggeet: "It is true that there are a number of maps of Washington, differing slightly, perhaps, but not to the extent that is supposed. The first map was the L'Enfant map, which showed the scheme of the city. The Ellicot map came next in order, showing more fully the pian of the streets and avenues. The Dermot map, which followed, was the first to show the triangular squares (something of a geometric paradex), and King's map was the most elaborate of all, showing the holdings of the original proprietors."

Frank G. Wood: "Horse-racing is one of the most exciting of sports when you have your money on one of the runners. If it were not for the betting, racing would not be so attractive. The laying of a wager shows a man's knowledge of the flyers, and a man layes to be counted among the

a man layes to be counted among the judges of horse flesh. The game of poker would be dull and uninteresting were it not for the jack-pots. And if there was no bookmaking at the race course why there would be such alim attendance that it would be impossible to make expenses."

Socoune, N. M., May 16.—The Santa Fe mines, near Carthage, was the seene of a terrible naurder and robbery yesterday. About \$30,000 arrived from Topeka, with which to pay off the miners working in the mines of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway. All the money except \$8,000 had been paid out, and this stun was in charge of Superintendent G. W. Richards in the office. About 3 o'clock, while Mr. Richards was alone, two Mexican desperadoes gained access to the office and shot Richards, killing him instantly. They then captured all the cash amounting to over \$8,000, and taking their horses, fied to the mountains. A posse of miners on fleet horses is in pur-Socound, N. M., May 16 .- The Santa Fe

taking their horses, fied to the mountains. A posse of miners on fleet horses is in pursuit with good prospects of capturing the desperadoes. General Manager Robinson offers a reward of \$1,500 for their capture, Richards has been in the employ of the company as mining engineer and superintendent of mines several years. He came from Quincy, IiI., and was educated in the University of Illinois.

### A BIG SWINDLE. How Western Liquor Men Have Been

CHICAGO, May 16.—One of the biggest.

swindles of the year has just been brought to light. Western liquor men have been mulcted to the tune of \$300,000, and a bright young chemist, named Comp, is now living in luxury far away. Mr. John Archibaid Comp came to Chicago fifteen months are and mit in at the Composition Hotel. ago and put up at the Cosmopolitan Hotel.

Among his effects were two large trunks and a small refrigerator. He seemed to have plenty of money, and it was noticed that several wholesale liquor dealers were among his visitors.

have plenty of money, and it was noticed that several wholesale liquor dealers were among his visitors.

Mr. Comp claimed to have discovered a compound, which, when mixed with new whisky, would give it the oder, taste and appearance of from four to six-year-old high wines. Under his manipulation the poorest quality of "wet goods" became "smooth, and the entire process was exemplified in the presence of the victim.

It is also stated that the enterprising young man has sold more than \$300,000 worth of stock in Chehmant, St. Louis, Kansas City and Chicago.

The defective reported his discovery to his employers, and they to the Federal authorities. Comp, however, must have got a tip, for he disappeared, leaving his apparatus behind, where it is now at the Cosmopolitan. Many prominent saloon-keepers and wholesale liquor dealers were interviewed, and while admitting that they had been approached by a party who claimed to be able to "age" whisky, denied that they had invested in the scheme.

PITTSHI NO. May 16.—Mrs. J. Ellen Fos-ter in an interview says: "The attack made upon use by Mrs. Hobart, president of the Minucsota W. C. T. U. in Minneapolis, was begun two years ago. The story that I am covertly working for the Republican party is entirely false and has been repeat-edly denied.

the same censure.

"There is no court of appeal in the "There is no court of appeal in the woman can go," said Mrs. Foster, sadly, "and to venture outside is distasteful.

## Whisky Scarred Veterans

Whisky Scarred Veterans.

Bostox, May 16.—General S. C. Lawrence Post 66. G. A. R. of Medford, has adopted resolutions instructing the adjutant to return to Rev. J. P. Abbott his application for membership as a contributory member, with its accompanying fee. Mr. Abbott, im Easter Sunday, in the course of a sermon, reflected very severely upon Grand Army veterans, and made the assertion that "More men owed their disabilities to whisky from the sutler's tent than ies to whisky from the sutler's tent than o shot and shell." He also alluded to hem as "whisky scarred and maimed yet-rans."

Baltimore Photographer Stitches P. Lusby, a photographer, residing at No. 819 West Lombard street, who kept a studio on Baltimore street, near Gay, committed suicide this morning by shooting himself through the head. He had been in ill-health for some time.

Burrato, N. Y., May 16,—A movement looking to the formation of a gigantic as-sociation, to include all the photographers of the United States, is now well under way. The association is said to already have 4,000 members.

At New York, Obdam, from Rotterdam. At Hamburg, Rugia, from New York. At Southampton, Lahn, from New York. Passed the Fastnet, Gallia, from New York for Liverpool. The New York Legislature Adjourns.

## HE IS AGAIN HONORED

REV. DR. LEGNARD ELECTED AN ASSISTANT BISHOP

The Dicese of Ohio Pays the Popular Washington Divine a Handsome Compliment - He Doesn't Know

Bev. Dr. W. A. Leonard, rector of St. John's Church, was yesterday elected assistant bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Obio by the seventy-second annual convention. The position is equivalent to that of bishop, as Dr. Bedell, who recently resigned, is too much of an invalid to be very active in the performance of his duties even if his resignation is accepted. To a reporter of The Carrie this morning Dr. Leonard said that, as he had only a few minutes before received the telegram informing him of his election, he was not prepared to say whether or not he would prepared to say whether or not he would accept. He did not know the circum-



stances as yet, except that they were rather out of the ordinary, and he preferred to wait until he saw the committee who had been selected to inform him of his election. The matter was something to which a good deal of thought must be given, for it was a very important position. Bishop Bedell is at present in Europe for the benefit of his health, which is much broken, and his resignation has not yet been acted upon by the House of Bishops and cannot be until the regular annual meeting of that body, which occurs in New York next October. If his resignation is accepted, as it probably will be, the assistant bishop becomes his successor. stances as yet, except that they were rather

Dr. Leonard has once before been elected assistant bishop of an Ohio diocese under very similar circumstances, having in May last been chosen for the southern district of the State. Bishop Jaeger was at that time in very bad health and the position had such peculiar difficulties that Dr. Leonard hesitated to accept and did not do so. It is thought, however, that he will look thore favorably upon the proffer this time. If he concludes to accept, his place at St. John's will be hard to fill, for during his long occupancy he has discharged the duties of rector with great ability and made hosts of friends.

friends.

Dr. Leonard was born in Southport, Fairfield County, Conn., on July 15. 1848. His parents are honored residents of Brooklyn, where his father is a retired banker. His paternal grandfather, Hon. Stephen B. Leonard, was a prominent figure in Congress during the Administration of Jackson and Van Buren. Dr. Leonard acquired his education at Phillips' Academy, Andover, Mass. St. Stephen's College, Annandale, N. Y., and Berkley Divinity School, Middletown, Conn., supplemented by travels and study in Europe.

in Europe.
On May 31, 1871, he was ordained deacon by Bispop Williams at Middletown, Conn., and on July 21, 1873, he was ordained priest by the same bishop at Stamford, priest by the same bishop at Stamford, Conn. While a deacon he served as assistant minister to Rev. C. H. Hall at Holy Trinity Church, Brooklyn, the parish church of his childhood, and of which his father was a warden. In April, 1873, he married, in Brooklyn, Miss Sarah L. Sullivan. In 1872 he became rector of the Church of the Redeemer in Brooklyn, and during nine years of ministry in that capacity declined invitations to Chicago. St. Louis and Toledo.

During this period he was on the standing committee for search.

Louis and Toledo.

During this period he was on the standing committee for aged and orphans of the church charities, a member of the diocesan educational committee, a lecturer and examiner at prominent cathedral schools, chaplain of the Brooklyn Homeopathic Hospital and the Twenty-third Regiment of the New York National Guard. In 1879 he received the degree of Bachelor of Divinity from St. Stephen's College. New York.

Divinity from St. Stephen's College. New York.

In 1880, at the general convention, he was selected missionary bishop of Washington Territory, but declined. In 1880 he founded and inaugurated the Brooklyn Free Library, now in a flourishing condition. His rectorship at the Church of the Redeemer, in Brooklyn, continued uninterrupted until he became rector of St. John's Parish in this city in February, 1881, commencing a rectorship which has been marked by untiring energy and barne much good fruit. On May 17, 1885, he was chosen condjutor to Bishop Jagger of Ohio, but declined. Dr. Leonard has written and published a book for holy week, entitled "Via lished a book for holy week, entitled "Via Sacra," and a brief history of the Christian Church, as well as sermons. magazine and newspaper articles.

Hagnstown, Mb., May 16—Mr. Sylvester Cable, of Toledo, Ohio, a young man in the employ of the Toledo Bridge Company, was killed at Schlasser's bridge, across the Antietam river near Keedysville, to-day. A heavy piece of fron fell on him, injuring him so badly that he died an hour afterward.

The Hamburg Industrial Exhibition was pened yesterday. The strike situation at Dort is unchanged Flure has been no rioting.
Prince Frederick William of Hanan, son
of the ex-elector of Hesse, died at Riesbach

Minister Whitelaw Reid was yesterday received by M. Spuller, the French Minister of Foreign Affairs. By a vote of 284 to 231 the British House of Commons has rejected a motion to dis-establish the Church in Wales.

The prevailing high prices for raw sugar in Lordon has compelled one of the largest refineries in Greenock to close down.

Confugsby Disraelli, nephew of the late Lord Benconsiled, made his first public speech at Bath yesterday. He denounced Home Rule.

the Jountess Barl, sister in law of the avKing of Naples.

The Samoan Conference has decided that
the Manlejast Council of Apia shall comprise six members, Germany, England and
the United States each to appoint one member, the other three to be elected by the
residents of Apia.

A large number of arrests are reported
to have been made at St. Petersburg, Moscow and Cronstadt within the last fortyeight hours, leading to the supposition
that the authorities have discovered still
another plot against the life of the Can.

The public prosecutor at Bilban is conducting an inquiry concerning the recent
demonstration at the Jesuit University at
Bilbao. It is stated that the students and
faculty of the institution are accisely advancing the interests of the cause of the
prefender, Don Carlos.

### PRICE TWO CENTS THE SURGEONS! CONVENTION. THE WATER GAVE OUT.

Election of Officers Proceedings at To Day's Session.

THE DEMOCRATS WIN.

The Lynchburg Council.

L. Bertvam Cady, New York, is at Cham-erlin's.

Samuel P. Suider and wife, Minneapoits, are at Wormley's.

are at Wormley's.

J. B. Lane and R. E. A. Dorr, Philadel-phils, are at Welcker's.

H. K. Roby and A. Hoff, Pennsylvania, are at the American House.

Hen, Richard F. Buckerton, the Chief Justice of Honolulu, is stopping at the El-bitt.

Louis B. McCorg, Manuel Carre and John E. Leech and family, New York, are

at the Arno.

E. B. Benington and wife, Fall River.
Mass., and Donald McLean, New York, are
at the Normandie.

Senator R. Biodgett, William J. Thomp on and John R. Warner of New Jersey, grived here last evening and registered at he National.

W. J. Anderson, Richmond: Mrs. C. W. Shelley and A. C. Shelley, Roolester, and F. C. Holtrook. New York, are at the Howard House.

John F. O'Hara, Roboken, N. J.; H. G. Mackaye, New York: Charles L. Taylor, Pittsburg, and A. D. Relden and wife, Denver, Col., are at the Riggs House.

James West, St. Louis; T. H. Chapman, Pittsburg; H. A. Botsford, Philadelphia; George E. Holden, Eric, Pa., and F. C. Jouss, Kansas City, are at the St. James.

J. A. Dubbs, Pittsburg; R. T. Bone and wife, Cleveland; Thomas F. Mitchell and Walter H. Miller, New York, and A. F. Eggers, Newark, N. J., are at the Metro-

Willard's Thomas A. Brady, Angusta, Ga.; W. H. Pursell, Philadelphia; C. Quackeubush and George W. Knott, New York: M. G. Baldwin, Newark, N. J., and S. N. Morison, Camden, N. J., are at the National.

H. A. Wilcox, New York: Hon. John A. Bingham, Ohio; D. U. Quick, Brooklyn; B. S. Phillips and E. C. Phillips, England, Paul V. Flynn, Newark, N. J., and G. W. Robertson, Indians, are registered at the Ebbitt.

I. G. Case and wife, Boston, J. F., let and wife. Albany, and P. Woo brooklyn, are at the Arlington.

A CANADIAN VILLAGE NEARLY DE-STROYED BY FIRE

Two Soldiers Killed By a Premature Explosion of Powder-Over One Hundred Houses Burned. The Flames

Break Out Again.

Quence, May 16.—Early this morning fire was discovered in a vacant building on St. Valler street. St. Stauveur, owned by Mrs. McCann. and. quickly spreading, soon assumed large dimensions. The slarm caused great excitement, and the entire population of the suburb was soon on the spot. The fire brigade of St. Stauveur was wholly unable to cope with the flames, and the people turned out and worked hard but lacked organization, and the water supply was inadequate. The city firement were called for and responded, but the water supply was inadequate. The city firement were called for and responded, but the water supply was inadequate. The city firement were called for and responded, but the water supply was inadequate. The city firement were called for and responded, but the water supply was inadequate. The city firement of water limited their usefulness. The fire spread to St. Peter and Chenet streets, and bade fair to entirely destroy the village. "B" Battery of Artillery was summoned to ald the firemen and volunteered in fighting the flames, and by 7 o'clock the fire was under control, having almost burned itself out. While the military were preparing to blow up some bouses to check the fire from spreading a premature explosion took place in one of the houses, killing Major Short and Sergeant Wallack's body was found near the door, dreadfully mangled, but the body of Major Short had not been recovered at 9 o'clock. The fire covered a large area and destroyed over 100 houses, involving loss of not less than \$100,000.

Later-10:30 a. m.—The fire in St. Stauveer, which had been checked on the city side, has started again in the other direction and is now burning furiously toward the northwest and will probably stop only where there is a strong easterly wind blowing and a light rain has been falling for the last three hours. Quence, May 16,-Early this morning

### NOT AT ALL ILL.

Unfounded Reports Concerning the Health of Mr. Bancroft.

The sensational reports of the fill health of Mr. Bancroft, the venerable historian, are denied at his house. It is stated that the old gentleman does not go out during the day on account of the heat, but that his is not fill. He drives out nearly every evening, and has not, they say, been confined to his room at all.

### A Peculiar Suit Discontinued.

The American Surgical Association went into executive session yesterday afternoon and elected the following officers: Prosident, Dr. David W. Yandell, Loudville, Ky; vice-president, Dr. C. H. Masten, Mobile, Ala: secretary, Dr. S. R. Weist, Richmond, Ind., Ire-elected: treasurer, Dr. P. S. Combor, New York, (re-elected): recorder, Dr. J. Ewing Mears, Richmond, Ind., tre-elected: treasurer, Dr. P. S. Combor, New York, (re-elected): recorder, Dr. J. Ewing Mears, Richmond, Ind., tre-elected: members of council, Dr. W. F. Peck, Davenport, Iowa, and F. S. Dennis, New York

The following fellows were also elected: Dr. Weeks, Portland, Me.; Dr. Cabot, Roston, Dr. J. Homans, Boston: Dr. Weir, New York, Dr. L. C. Lanc, San Francisco: Dr. Lauge, New York: Dr. Stimson, New York, and Dr. Pilcher, Brooklyn. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting of the association at Washington on the first Tree-day in May. 1890. Last evening the members of the association attended a reception at the residence of Dr. J. Ford Thompson, 804 Seventeenth street northwest.

The programme of papers for to-day was as follows: "Contribution to the History of Gunshot Wounds of the Intestines," by Dr. Theo. A. McGraw of Detroit, Professor of Surgery In the Detroit Medical College; discussion by Dr. D. W. Yandell of Louisville, Dr. C. B. Namerede of Philadelphia and Dr. T. F. Prewitt of St. Louis. "On Sche Modillications in the Technique of Abdominal Surgery, Limiting the Uses of the Ligature en masse," by Dr. Lewis A. Stimson, Professor of Surgery in the University of the City of New York. "A Successful Case of Nephrectomy for the Removal of Cancer of the Right Kidney," by Dr. John Homans of Boston, visiting surgeon to the Massachusetts General Hospital; "Drainage and Drainage-Tubes in Their Application to the Treatment of Wounds," by Dr. Stephen H. Weeks of Portland, Professor of Surgery in the Medical College, Baltimore; "Acute Infectious Osteomyelitis and Periostins," by Dr. L. C. Lanc of San Francisco, Professor of Surgery in Magnat Chile A Peculiar Suit Discontinued.
Chambers up. Fa., May 16.—The ejectment suit begun here about a year ago by the helts of Andrew Snobergh to recover the Numery property in Quincy township, now valued at \$15,000 has been discontinued by the attorneys for the claimants. The case attracted attention all over the country by reason of the peculiar life in this Protestant monastery. The suit was based upon the claim that the Monastical Branch of the Seventh Day Baptists, as they were designated in the deed of trial for the property by old Andrew Snobergh, is now extinct, and that the rites and observances are no longer practiced. This claim was found not to be well grounded, and the suit had to be discontinued. Upon the death of the present old and feeble inmates of the Numery, new litigation will likely be commenced. They will Have Control of the Montana Convention.

Sr. Patr., May 16.—A special from Helica says the control of the Montana Constitutional Convention is ceded to the Democrats by the Republicans. The latter admit that the Democrats have a majority of from three to five. The Herold (Republican) in last night's issue figured that the convention would have 38 Democrats, 35 Republicans, 1 Labor candidate, and 1 Independent. The Republicans ascribe their defeat to the light vote.

The Sugar Trust.

New Yons, May 16.—A special to the Times from San Francisho says: It is asserted that the New York sugar trust has made overtures to the California anti-trust sugar refinery within the past few days to raise its prices, but without the desired effect. Yesterday's prices, based on granulated sugar, are quoted by the trust at 8½ cents. Last Friday the California refinery (anti-trust) quoted its prices at 7½ cents and has maintained that rate ever since. The one-half cent difference in the prices of the two concerns causes jobbers in trust sugar The Sugar Trust. GENERAL SPORTING NEWS. Baltimone, May 16.—Last night Mile. Tobles had reached 174 miles, leaving Killbury four miles behind. Macbeth had reached 130 miles, and was keeping up bravely. The score at noon to-day stands: Bessie Macbeth, 165 miles 7 laps; Laura Jeffries, 83, 5; Belle Killbury, 188, 3; Belle Henderson, 86, 3; Sue Smith, 112, 12; Mile, Hoze, 151, 11; Mile Toblas, 100, 6. A Female Recluse.

A Female Rectuse,

Contains, May 16.—A woman who
claims York as her home, but who refuses
to reveal her name, is creating a sensation
in Upper Lancaster county by her hermit
life in the woody retreats near Falmouth,
where she occupies three caves in one of the
wildest and least frequented spots in this
section. She is supposed to be a religious
fanatic, and hundreds of people have ventured into her forest home to examine her
romantic habitation. Hereave is divided into
three compartments. The first is three two concerns causes jobbers in trust sugar to wince considerably. Charged with Embezzlement. Baltimone, May 16.—Hugh McKay, deputy division clerk of the Internal Reve-nue division at Norfolk, was arrested here this morning charged with embezzling \$2,300 of United States funds in Nortolk. tured into her forest home to examine her romantic habitation. Her cave is divided into three compartments. The first is three feet wide, eight feet long and six feet high. In the rear of this is a second cave eight feet long, eight feet wide and seven feet high, in which she prepares her food gathered by foraging in the neighborhood. Back of this is a third cave nine feet high, six feet wide and ten feet long, in which is a rude bed of leaves and an old blanket to protect her from the cold. He was held for the authorities

# FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Stock and Money Market.

New Your, May 16.—Money 2623 per cent. Exchange steady: posted rates, 483 (6489); actual rates, 487 (6489); actual rates, 487 (6489); actual rates, 487 (6487) for sixty days and 489 (6489) for demand.

Governments quiet: currency 6s, 1213 bid; 4s, coupon, 1293 bid; 4/s, do., 1077 bid. The stock market opened quiet at about last night's prices, but after the first half hour a buying of the Grauger stocks and Chicago Gas imparted a moderate boom to the whole list and prices advanced by noon i to 15 per cent. The market has since been strong, and the best figures are current at this writing. The contest noted yesterday to gain control of Oregon Transcontinental stock was waged vigorously on the Exchange this morning.

The New York Stock Market.

The Proposed Episcopal Cathedral.

New York, May 16.—It is learned that of the four designs which are being favorably considered by the trustees of the proposed Protestant Episcopal Cathedral, one is by Architects Wm. A. Potter and R. H. Robertson, another by Wm. Halsey Wood of Newark, one is by a Providence architect and the other is probably by R. M. Hunt of thus city. Mr. Potter is a brother of Bishop Potter. change this morning.

The New York Stock Market.

The tollowing are the prices of the New York and Chicago markets as reported by special wire to C. T. Havenner & Co., 621

F street northwest: Lyschburg Council.

Lyschung, V. May if.—The Episcopal Council of the Diocese of Virginia will
to-day consider a proposition to amend the
clurch canons so as to provide for separate
parishes for colored people.

3	0.	2.30		О.	2:30		
an. Pacific.	551	351	Northwest.	1081	1003		
an, South.	522	523	Omaha	334	855		
en. Pacific.	251	351	do. pfd.,	117	97		
). L. & W			P.M.S.S	364	363		
	1381	1384	Reading	45	46		
rie	284	283	R. &W. Pt.	252	937		
ersey Cen	97	97	do, pfd	N21	821		
. & N	672	674	St. Paul	681	681		
	1031	103#	Tex. Pac	21	913		
S. K. & T.		12	Union Pac.,	604			
do, Pac	791	791	W. Union	862	862		
V.Y.&N.E	451	451	Petroleum.	803	891		
V. Y. Cen		107	Am. Cots'd		574		
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pfd., 613 614 Chl., B& Q 994 1003 The Chicago Market.							
	Open.	Close.		Open	Close.		
P.	803 82 778	82 801 764	May June July LAKD.	11 40 11 40 11 40	11 40 11 40 11 45		
	B40	343	May	6 75	6 75		

Washington Stocs Exchange.

Miscellaneous Bonds.-W. & G. R. K.
Co., 107; Masonic Hall Ass'n, 108; Wash.
Market Co., 110; Wash. Light infantry, 1st.
104; Wash. Light Infantry, 2d, 70; Wash.
Gastight Co., 110; Wash. Gas Scrip, 125;
National Bank Stocks.-Bank of Wash.
240; Central, 210; Second. 100; Farmers'
and Mechanics', 170; Cittrens', 100; Columbia, 128; Washington Stock Exchange.

Rangons Storas - Washington & George-wen, 230; Metropolitan, 108; Columbia, 247; 21; & North O st., 40. Insurance Stocks - Firemen's, 41; Frank-18; Metropolitan, 75; National Union, 97; Arlington, 170; Corcoran, 80; Columbia by German-American, 186; Potomae, 90; 10888, 81;

mae, 842.

Miscellaneous Stocks—Washington Market Co., 17; Washington Brick Machine Co., 255; National Press Brick Co., —; Great Falls Ice Co., 169; Bull Run Panorama Co., 23; Real Estate Title Insurance Co., 135; National Safe Deposit Co., 225; American Graphophone Co., —; Columbia Title Insurance Company, 62.